TROUBLESHOOTING IMMUNOHISTOCHEMISTRY



Troubleshooting This troubleshooting document gives the guidelines to the problem, possible cause and suggested solution for problems during the immunohistochemistry application:

Problem: Weak or no staining

Inadequate deparaffinization Deparaffinize sections longer or change fresh xylene. Inactive primary antibodies Replace with a new batch of antibodies.	
Inactive primary antibodies Replace with a new batch of antibodies.	
The primary/secondary Aliquot antibodies into smaller volumes and store in freezer (-20	
antibody may have lost its 70 °C) and avoid repeated freeze and thaw cycles. Or store anti	bodies
activity due to improper according to manufacturer's instructions.	
storage	
Improper dilution or extensive Run positive controls to ensure that the primary/secondary antib	ody is
freezing/thawing working properly.	
The protein is not present in Run an appropriate positive control.	
the tissue of interest.	
The protein of interest is not Use an amplification step to maximize the signal.	
abundantly present in the	
tissue.	
Antibody concentration was Increase the concentration of primary and/or secondary antibodies	3.
too low Run a serial dilution test to determine the optimal dilution that give	
best signal to noise ratio.	
Inadequate antibody Increase antibody incubation time, incubate longer (e.g. overni	ght) at
incubation time 4°C.	- ,
Inadequate or improper tissue Increase duration of post-fixation or try different fixatives.	
fixation	
Fixation procedures (using Reduce the duration of post-fixation. If the tissue has already	/ been
formalin and overfixed, perform an appropriate or recommended antigen re	
paraformaldehyde fixatives) procedure.	
may be modifying the epitope	
the antibody recognizes.	
The antibody may not be Test the antibody in a native (non-denatured) Western Blotting to	make
suitable for IHC procedures sure it is not damaged.	
which reveal the protein in its	
native (3D) form	
The primary antibody and the Use secondary antibody that will interact with primary an	tibodv.
secondary antibody are not antibodies that are raised against the species in which the prima	
compatible. raised. For example, if primary antibodies are raised from rabbi	
	ts, use
anti-rabbit secondary antibodies.	ts, use
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anti-rabbit secondary antibodies.	ts, use
anti-rabbit secondary antibodies. The secondary antibody is Use a new batch of antibodies.	ts, use
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The secondary antibody is inactive The enzyme substrate system is defect or incompatible The enzyme substrate system is defect or incompatible The enzyme substrate system is defect or incompatible The substrate incubation time is inadequate The protein is located in the nucleus (nuclear protein) and the antibody cannot penetrate the nucleus Incorrect mounting medium Use a new batch of reagents. Use a new batch of reagents. Increase the substrate incubation time. Add a permeabilizing agent to the blocking buffer and antibody of buffer. Choose a correct mounting medium.	
The secondary antibody is inactive The enzyme substrate system is defect or incompatible The enzyme substrate system is defect or incompatible The enzyme substrate system is defect or incompatible The substrate incubation time is inadequate The protein is located in the nucleus (nuclear protein) and the antibody cannot penetrate the nucleus Incorrect mounting medium The reagents are applied in Use a new batch of reagents. Use a new batch of reagents. Increase the substrate incubation time. Add a permeabilizing agent to the blocking buffer and antibody of buffer. Choose a correct mounting medium. Check protocol used.	
The secondary antibody is inactive The enzyme substrate system is defect or incompatible The enzyme substrate system is defect or incompatible The enzyme substrate system is defect or incompatible The substrate incubation time is inadequate The protein is located in the nucleus (nuclear protein) and the antibody cannot penetrate the nucleus Incorrect mounting medium Use a new batch of reagents. Use a new batch of reagents. Increase the substrate incubation time. Add a permeabilizing agent to the blocking buffer and antibody of buffer. Choose a correct mounting medium.	

Problem: Non-specific staining

	Reduce antibody concentration or perform a titration to determine the optimal dilution for primary and secondary antibodies.
Incubation time was too long	Reduce incubation time.

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The information on this sheet should neither be considered comprehensive or definitive.

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Incubation temperature was	Reduce incubation temperature.
too high	
Substrate incubation time was	Reduce substrate incubation time.
too long	
The primary antibody is raised	Use secondary antibody that will interact with primary antibody,
against the same species as	antibodies that are raised against the species in which the primary was
the tissue stained (e.g. mouse	raised. For example, if primary antibodies are raised from rabbits, use
primary antibody tested on	anti-rabbit secondary antibodies.
mouse tissue). When the	Treat sample with e.g. Mouse-On-Mouse blocking reagent prior to the
secondary antibody is applied	primary antibody incubation.
it binds to all the tissue as it is	
raised against that species.	
Sections dried out	Avoid sections being dried out.

Problem: High Background	
Tissue not washed enough,	Wash at least 3 times in PBS between all steps.
fixative still present.	·
Tissue contains endogenous	Block endogenous enzyme activities using 3% H ₂ O ₂ in methanol or
enzyme such as peroxidase or	levamisole solution prior to incubation of primary antibodies.
alkaline phosphatase	
Tissue contains endogenous	Block endogenous biotin activity using the avidin/biotin blocking reagent
biotin activity	prior to incubation of primary antibodies.
Blocking of non specific	Increase the blocking incubation period and consider changing blocking
binding might be absent or	agent.
insufficient.	
Non-specific binding of	Non-specific binding may be reduced by using higher dilution of primary
primary antibodies to tissue or	antibodies.
antibody concentration was	Titrate the antibody to the optimal concentration, incubate for longer but
too high	in more dilute antibody (a slow but targeted binding is best).
Incubation temperature may	Incubate sections at 4℃.
be too high.	
Fixation procedures (using	Change antigen retrieval method, decrease the incubation time with the
formalin and	antigen unmasking solution.
paraformaldehyde fixatives)	
are too strong and modified	
the epitope the antibody	
recognizes.	
Non-specific binding of	Treat tissue with normal serum from the same species as secondary
secondary antibodies to tissue	antibodies, or use pre-adsorbed second antibody.
	Run a secondary control without primary antibody.
The chromogen reacts with	Use Tris buffer to wash sections prior to incubating with the substrate,
the PBS present in the	then wash sections/cells in Tris buffer.
cells/tissue (enzymatic	
detection).	
Diffusion of tissue antigen due	Increase duration of post-fixation.
to inadequate fixation	
Permeabilization has damaged	Remove permeabilizing agent from your buffers.
the membrane and removed	
the membrane protein	
(membrane protein).	The complete publicate that will interest with primary antibact.
Mouse antibodies used on	Use secondary antibody that will interact with primary antibody,
mouse tissues	antibodies that are raised against the species in which the primary was
	raised. For example, if primary antibodies are raised from rabbits, use
	anti-rabbit secondary antibodies.
	Treat sample with e.g. Mouse-On-Mouse blocking reagent prior to the
Continue have dried and	primary antibody incubation.
Sections have dried out	Avoid sections being dried out.

Helpful links / references

www.ihcworld.com www.protocol-online.org